Springwell Solar Farm

Environmental Statement Appendix 10.4: Viewpoint Analysis

Volume 3

EN010149/APP/6.3 November 2024 Springwell Energyfarm Ltd APFP Regulation 5(2)(a)
Planning Act 2008
Infrastructure Planning

Infrastructure Planning (Applications: Prescribed Forms and Procedure) Regulations 2009

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1.1. Introduction

- 1.1.1. This appendix presents a descriptive analysis of the scale of landscape and visual change at a series of representative assessment viewpoint locations during the construction, operational (including maintenance) and decommissioning phases of the Proposed Development. The analysis informs the assessment of magnitude and significance of landscape and visual effects arising as a result of the Proposed Development.
- 1.1.2. A total of 40 assessment viewpoint locations were agreed with North Kesteven District Council and Lincolnshire County Council to represent the main landscape and visual receptors found in the study area.
- 1.1.3. The 40 assessment viewpoints are listed in **Table A10.4.1** and a plan illustrating the location of the assessment viewpoints is presented in **ES Volume 2**, **Figure 10.4**: **Viewpoint Locations [EN010149/APP/6.2]**. The assessment viewpoints are also illustrated on all subsequent ZTVs figures.
- 1.1.4. Annotated baseline photographs are presented for each assessment viewpoint in **ES Volume 4 [EN010149/APP/6.4]** to illustrate the existing view and the likely extent of the Proposed Development within the view.
- 1.1.5. A summary of the viewpoint analysis is provided in **Table 10.11** in **ES Volume 1, Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual [EN010149/APP/6.1]**.
- 1.1.6. This viewpoint analysis describes the baseline view at the viewpoint. It then considers the nature and scale of the predicted change in the view and the nature and scale of change in landscape character experienced at the viewpoint location. The scale of both landscape and visual change is described a Large, Medium, Small or Negligible as outlined in ES Volume 3, Appendix 10.1: Landscape and Visual Methodology and Assessment Criteria [EN010149/APP/6.3].
- 1.1.7. The wider extent of the effect (beyond the individual viewpoint considered), and its duration, are not captured in the viewpoint analysis below (as a single fixed viewpoint cannot capture extent or duration). The scale, extent and duration are factors in the overall judgement on magnitude of change, therefore judgements on magnitude of change and overall level of effect and significance are provided in the main assessment in ES Volume 1, Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual [EN010149/APP/6.1].
- 1.1.8. The analysis takes into account the screening effect of intervening landform, vegetation and built form. It assumes excellent clear weather conditions; although the influence of different seasons, weather, sunlight and visibility conditions have been considered, where relevant.



Table A10.4.1 Assessment Viewpoint Locations

Viewpoint No.	Viewpoint Name	Easting	Northing	Distance from nearest above ground infrastructure (rounded to nearest 10 m)
1	B1189 Moor Lane, Blankney	510040	360859	1300m
2	Junction of Bln/4/3, Bln/4/2 and Bln/738/1	508662	360144	230m
3	Junction of Scop/738/1 and Scop/8/1	509001	359249	10m
4	Scop/7/2 at junction with Scop/7/1	508583	358371	120m
5	Scop/7/1 at junction with B1191	508651	357963	500m
6	Junction of Scop/1135/4 and Acre Lane	508239	358901	20m
7	Permissive path between Scop/1134/1 and Bln/4/2	508016	359686	10m
8	Bln/4/2	507771	360245	20m
9	Scop/3/1 at junction with Main Street, Scopwick	507616	358049	510m
10	Spires and Steeples Trail junction with Trundle Lane - North of Scopwick	506972	358430	420m
11	B1188 junction with Bloxholm Lane	506649	358523	470m
12	Spires and Steeples Trail	506855	359445	120m
13	Blankney Stepping Out car park picnic area	507418	360577	150m
14	Blankney Walks Lane near Brickyard Cottage	508370	360628	240m



Viewpoint No.	Viewpoint Name	Easting	Northing	Distance from nearest above ground infrastructure (rounded to nearest 10 m)
15	B1191 western edge of Scopwick	506358	357964	610m
16	Footpath Rows/5/1 west of Sheffield House	506401	356655	80m
17	Footpath Rows/5/1 north of The Maltings	505581	356426	10m
18	Heath Road (B1191) near Digby Quarry	505316	357209	300m
19	Scopwick Heath Restricted Byway Scop/12/2	505372	357874	850m
20	Main Street, west of junction with B1188, Lincoln Road	507720	354830	2130m
21	Main Street, Ashby de la Launde	505269	355085	1250m
22	Junction of Heath Road (B1191) and Navenby Lane	504815	355349	800m
23	Heath Road at Slate House Farm	504123	354238	250m
24	Bloxholm Wood Nature Reserve layby	503758	353324	30m
25	Ashl/11/1 in Long Plantation	504464	353376	220m
26	Church Lane, north of All Saints' Church, Brauncewell	504546	352463	610m
27	Junction of A15 and local road west of Dale Farm	503835	351616	900m
28	North of junction of A15 and Church Lane	503638	352581	30m



Viewpoint No.	Viewpoint Name	Easting	Northing	Distance from nearest above ground infrastructure (rounded to nearest 10 m)
29	A15 at junction with Warren Lane	502772	355279	30m
30	A15 on the line of Restricted Byway Temp/1/1	502168	357495	970m
31	Junction of Brau/10/1 and Long Lane	501514	351973	1380m
32	Temple Road east of Temple Bruer	501437	353626	480m
33	The Viking Way / High Dike south of Temple Road	499250	352993	2700m
34	Junction of New England Lane and Warren Lane	501021	354671	1030m
35	Warren Lane near Thompsons Bottom	502066	355112	20m
36	New England Lane	501271	355547	610m
37	Heath Lane east of Vine House	500231	357486	1810m
38	Wellingore playing fields	498807	357209	2960m
39	Green Man Road east of Navenby	500027	358430	2630m
40	The Heath adjacent to Four Winds Farm	500294	355717	1480m

1.2. Viewpoint Analysis

1.2.1. This section provides viewpoint analysis for the 40 assessment viewpoints identified in **Table A10.5.1** above.



almost

be

Table A10.4.2 Viewpoint 1 - B1189 Moor Lane, Blankney

Baseline View Predicted Scale of Visual Change Predicted Scale of Landscape Change View from the verge of the Construction/Decommissioning: Negligible - The Construction/Decommissioning: Negligible - As the B1199 (Moor Lane) and Proposed Development would be almost entirely Proposed Development and associated construction/ representative principally of screened from this viewpoint with extremely small, decommissioning activity would transient vehicle users on distant glimpses (in winter months only) of indiscernible at this location, there would be a construction/decommissioning activity beyond a negligible change in landscape character. this road. vegetation belt which runs along the eastern Views are across large boundary of Springwell East. Any change in visual scale, flat arable fields in amenity would be almost indiscernible. both the east and west directions and the B1199 Operation (Year 1): Negligible - The Proposed itself dominates the

Development would be almost entirely screened from this viewpoint with extremely small distant glimpses (in winter months only) of solar PV development beyond a vegetation belt which runs along the eastern boundary of Springwell East. Any change in visual amenity would be almost indiscernible.

Operation (Year 1): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be almost indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.

Operation (Year 10): Negligible - The Proposed Development would be almost entirely screened from this viewpoint with potentially very small distant glimpses (in winter months only) of solar PV development beyond a vegetation belt which runs

Operation (Year 10): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be almost indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.

foreground view in a north

and south direction. The

open fields are occasionally

dissected by field boundary

hedgerows, tree belts and

individual hedgerow trees.

Large agricultural sheds are present in the mid distance throughout the

in

directions. Due to the flat

lavers of hedgerows and

various

landform.

landscape

surrounding



tree belts screen more distant views. Vegetation along the Metheringham to Sleaford railway line provides a particularly strong visual barrier to the west.

tree belts screen more along the eastern boundary of Springwell East. distant views. Vegetation Any change in visual amenity would be almost along the Metheringham to indiscernible.

Table A10.4.3 Viewpoint 2 – Junction of Bln/4/3, Bln/4/2 and Bln/738/1

Baseline View Predicted Scale of Visual Change Predicted Scale of Landscape Change View from the junction Construction/Decommissioning: Medium Construction/Decommissioning: Medium - Notable between three PRoWs Construction/ decommissioning of the Proposed construction/ decommissioning activity in close south of Brickyard Farm. Development in Field By28 would take place to the proximity to the viewpoint would result in a medium Viewpoint is on the south of this viewpoint beyond a hedgerow through scale of change to the existing agrarian character Blankney Circuit Stepping which there would be some view of activity in winter experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint. is months. This activity would be partially visible and Out Route and representative of result in notable but not prominent change to the recreational users of the view at this location. PRoW network between Blankney, Scopwick and Operation (Year 1): Medium - Solar PV Operation (Year 1): Medium/Small - The introduction Kirkby Green. development would be partially visible (mostly in of solar PV development a short distance to the south winter months) in Field By28 to the south. An beyond an existing hedgerow would result in notable The view is across a

existing hedgerow would filter views of the new manufactured features in the landscape which

Proposed Development and views in all other would have a notable influence on landscape

directions would remain largely unchanged. The character at this location. The sense of openness,

series of large, flat arable

field parcels subdivided



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drainage ditches agricultural tracks. Views across the fields are terminated in all directions by mature tree belts or blocks of woodland. Mature vegetation along Metheringham the Sleaford railway line long distance restricts views to the east. A series of agricultural buildings evident the are in landscape and low voltage, pole mounted electricity lines pass to the west of the viewpoint.

by mature hedgerows and drainage ditches and served by wide, well made introduction of new energy infrastructure including solar PV development and boundary fencing would be notable but not prominent.

scale of the landscape, the underlying vegetative structure, landform and sense of detachedness from urban development would remain undiminished. The new infrastructure would essentially sit within a mature agricultural framework and the landscape character at this location would remain primarily.

Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible – Once the existing hedgerow along the northern boundary of Field By28 has been strengthened it would screen the majority of the Solar PV development including the fencing although glimpses of the infrastructure would potentially remain in winter months. The proposed mitigation would therefore notably reduce the scale of change to visual amenity by Year 10.

Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible — Once the existing hedgerow along the northern boundary of Field By28 has been strengthened, it would mostly screen the new solar PV development although winter glimpses of the infrastructure may remain. As such the new manufactured structures associated with the Proposed Development would have a much reduced impact on landscape character.

Table A10.4.4 Viewpoint 3 – Junction of Scop/738/1 and Scop/8/1

Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
between two PRoWs east of Scopwick Low Field	Construction/ decommissioning of the Proposed	Construction/Decommissioning: Large – Prominent construction/ decommissioning activity in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a large scale



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Baseline View

Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

Out Route and is representative recreational users of the PRoW network between Blankney, Scopwick and Kirkby Green.

The view is across a series of large, flat arable field parcels subdivided by mature hedgerows and drainage ditches and served by wide, well made agricultural tracks. Views across the fields are terminated in all directions by mature tree belts or blocks of woodland. Mature vegetation along Metheringham to Sleaford railwav restricts long distance views to the east. A series of agricultural buildings evident in landscape and low

Blankney Circuit Stepping secondary construction compound is proposed immediately west of this location. This activity would be openly visible and result in highly prominent change to the view at this location.

> Operation (Year 1): Large – Solar PV development would be openly visible to the immediate east of the viewpoint but views in the opposite direction to the west would remain largely unchanged. The introduction of new energy infrastructure including solar PV development and boundary fencing would be highly prominent and restrict views across the immediately adjoining field to the east. It would however be set back by several meters from the footpath and would not be oppressive.

Operation (Year 10): Medium/Small - Once new mitigation hedgerows along the western boundary of Field Lf04 have established they would screen the majority of the Solar PV development including the fencing although glimpses of the infrastructure

of change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint.

Operation (Year 1): Large – The introduction of solar PV development immediately adjacent to the viewpoint would result in highly prominent new manufactured features in the landscape which would have a strong influence on landscape character at this location. The sense of openness in the landscape would be somewhat reduced but the scale of the landscape, the underlying vegetative structure. landform and sense of detachedness from urban development would remain undiminished. The new infrastructure would essentially sit within a mature agricultural framework and the landscape character at this location would remain primarily rural combining agrarian characteristics with those of a solar farm.

Operation (Year 10): Medium/Small - Once new mitigation hedgerows have established along the western boundary of Field Lf04, they would mostly screen the new solar PV development although glimpses of the infrastructure would remain through an



Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

immediate west of the viewpoint.

electricity lines pass to the hedgerow would restrict views across the immediately adjoining field to the east but be in character with the surrounding hedges and be set back by several meters from the footpath such that it would not be oppressive. The proposed mitigation would therefore notably reduce the scale of change to visual amenity by Year 10.

voltage, pole mounted would remain through an access gate. The new access gate. As such the new manufactured structures associated with the Proposed Development would have a much reduced impact on landscape character. The sense of openness in the landscape would remain somewhat reduced compared to the baseline but the new hedge lined tracks visible at this location would be comparable to the character experienced along Trundle Lane for example.

Kirkby Green.



Table A10.4.5 Viewpoint 4 – Scop/7/2 at Junction with Scop/7/1

View from the junction Construction/Decommissioning: two between representative PRoW network between Blankney, Scopwick and

The view is across a series of large, flat arable field parcels subdivided by mature hedgerows woodland belts. A series of agricultural buildings evident in the are surrounding landscape.

Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Medium PRoWs Construction/ decommissioning of the Proposed north of Kirkby Green. Development in Field Lf08 would take place to the Viewpoint is on the north west of this viewpoint beyond a hedgerow Around Kirkby Green through which there would be some view of activity Stepping Out Route and is in winter months. This activity would be partially of visible and result in notable but not prominent recreational users of the change to the view at this location.

> Operation development would be partially visible (mostly in Proposed Development and views in all other directions would remain largely unchanged. The introduction of new energy infrastructure including solar PV development and boundary fencing would be notable but not highly prominent.

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

Construction/Decommissioning: Medium - Notable construction/ decommissioning activity in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a medium scale of change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint.

(Year 1): Medium – Solar PV Operation (Year 1): Medium/Small – The introduction of solar PV development a short distance to the north winter months) in Field Lf08 to the north west. An west beyond an existing hedgerow would result in existing hedgerow would filter views of the notable new manufactured features in the landscape which would have a notable influence on landscape character at this location. The sense of openness, scale of the landscape, the underlying vegetative structure, landform and sense of detachedness from urban development would remain undiminished. The new infrastructure would essentially sit within a mature agricultural framework and the landscape character at this location would remain primarily rural.



Baseline View Predicted Scale of Visual Change Predicted Scale of Landscape Change Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible - Once the Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible - Once the existing hedgerow along the boundaries of Field existing hedgerow along the boundaries of Field Lf08 Lf08 have been strengthened they would screen the have been strengthened, they would mostly screen the majority of the Solar PV development including the new solar PV development although winter glimpses fencing although glimpses of the infrastructure of the infrastructure may remain. As such the new would potentially remain in winter months. The structures associated manufactured with the proposed mitigation would therefore notably reduce Proposed Development would have a much reduced

impact on landscape character.

the scale of change to visual amenity by Year 10.

Table A10.4.6 Viewpoint 5 – Scop/7/1 at Junction with B1191

Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
immediately adjacent to the main street running through Kirkby Green. Representative of views from the village of Kirkby	- The Proposed Development would be almost entirely screened from this viewpoint as would construction/decommissioning activity. There may be some barely discernible distant glimpses of the very top of new infrastructure being erected/removed. The change in visual amenity	construction/decommissioning activity would be largely indiscernible at this location, there would be a



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
footpaths nearest the village and the main road between Kirkby Green and Timberland.	Proposed Development would be almost entirely	Operation (Year 1): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be largely indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.
Views northwards are across a medium sized arable field	very top of new infrastructure. The change in visual amenity would be extremely small.	

on the edge of the village which is bound by mature hedgerows. Further east and agricultural west. and residential buildings are visible. Due to the flat surrounding landform, layers of hedgerows and tree belts screen more distant views in a northerly direction.

this viewpoint. There would be no discernible character. change in visual amenity.

Operation (Year 10): Negligible - Once existing Operation (Year 10): Negligible - As the Proposed hedgerows have been enhanced, the Proposed Development would be indiscernible at this location, Development would be entirely screened from there would be a negligible change in landscape



Table A10.4.7 Viewpoint 6 – Junction of Scop/1135/4 and Acre Lane

Baseline View

Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

View from a junction of Construction/Decommissioning: Low Field Scopwick Loop Stepping Out Route and representative of recreational users of the PRoW network between Blankney, Scopwick and Kirkby Green.

The view is across a series of large, mostly flat parcels arable field subdivided by mature hedgerows, tree belts and served by wide, well made agricultural tracks. This location slightly is elevated above the surrounding fields

Large footpaths near Scopwick Construction/ decommissioning of the Proposed Farm. Development in Fields Lf07 and Lf08 would take Viewpoint is on both the place immediate adjacent to this viewpoint and Blankney Circuit and the activity would also be visible in Fields Lf05, By23 and By24. This activity would be openly visible and is result in highly prominent change to the view at this location.

Construction/Decommissioning: Large - Prominent construction/ decommissioning activity in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a large scale of change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint.

Operation (Year 1): Large – Solar PV development | Operation (Year 1): Large – The introduction of solar contain development and provide a notable set back from development in fields By23 and By24 to the north and west. The introduction of new energy infrastructure including solar PV development and boundary fencing would be highly prominent and partially restrict views across some of the immediately adjoining fields but woodland blocks would continue to set the backdrop for the development. The solar PV development would be set back by several meters from the footpath and would not be oppressive.

would be visible in all directions from the viewpoint PV development immediately adjacent to the although the foreground field of Lf02 would not viewpoint would result in highly prominent new manufactured features in the landscape which would have a strong influence on landscape character at this location. The sense of openness in the landscape would be somewhat reduced but the scale of the landscape, the underlying vegetative structure, landform and sense of detachedness from urban development would remain unchanged. The new infrastructure would essentially sit within a mature agricultural framework and the landscape character at this location would remain primarily rural combining agrarian characteristics with those of a solar farm.



providing a more open view of the fields than experienced elsewhere along Acre Lane. From here, views across the fields are terminated in all directions by mature tree blocks belts or woodland. Scopwick Low Field Farm and some pole mounted overhead cables visible in the surrounding context.

Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Operation (Year 10): Medium – Once new mitigation hedgerows around the solar PV development have established and existing hedgerows are maintained at 3.5 m, in combination, they would screen much of the solar PV development closest to the viewpoint including the fencing although glimpses of the infrastructure would remain through access gates. It is likely that there would also be restricted and filtered views of the solar PV development in fields By23 and By24 to the north and west (mostly in winter months). The new hedgerows would restrict views across the immediately adjoining fields but the new hedge lined tracks would be in character with the surrounding hedges and be set back by several meters from the footpath such that they would not be oppressive. The proposed mitigation would therefore reduce the scale of change to visual amenity by Year 10.

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

Operation (Year 10): Medium – Once new mitigation hedgerows have established along the boundaries solar PV development, they would screen much of the new solar PV development although glimpses of the infrastructure would remain through access gates. As such the new manufactured structures associated with the Proposed Development would have a reduced impact on landscape character. The sense of openness in the landscape would remain reduced compared to the baseline but the new hedge lined tracks visible at this location would be comparable to the character experienced along Trundle Lane for example.



Table A10.4. 8 Viewpoint 7 – Permissive Path between Scop/1134/1 and Bln/4/2

Baseline View

Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

View from a permissive Construction/Decommissioning: representative PRoW network between Blankney, Scopwick and Kirkby Green.

The view is across a series of large, flat arable field parcels subdivided by mature hedgerows and drainage ditches and served by wide, well made agricultural tracks. Views across the fields are terminated in all directions by mature tree belts or blocks of woodland. A agricultural series of

Large right of way south of Construction/ decommissioning of the Proposed Blankney. Viewpoint is Development in Fields By24, By11 and By10 would of take place immediate adjacent to this viewpoint. recreational users of the This activity would be openly visible and result in highly prominent change to the view at this location.

> Operation (Year 1): Large – Solar PV development would be openly visible in all directions from the viewpoint. The introduction of new energy infrastructure including solar PV development and boundary fencing would be highly prominent and restrict views across the immediately adjoining fields. It would however be set back by several meters from the footpath and would not be oppressive.

Construction/Decommissioning: Large - Prominent construction/ decommissioning activity in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a large scale of change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint.

Operation (Year 1): Large – The introduction of solar PV development immediately adjacent to the viewpoint would result in highly prominent new manufactured features in the landscape which would have a strong influence on landscape character at this location. The sense of openness in the landscape would be somewhat reduced but the scale of the landscape, the underlying vegetative structure, landform and sense of detachedness from urban development would remain unchanged. The new infrastructure would essentially sit within a mature agricultural framework and the landscape character at this location would remain primarily rural combining agrarian characteristics with those of a solar farm.



buildings are evident in the landscape and low voltage, pole mounted electricity lines pass across the fields to the south.

Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Operation (Year 10): Medium – Once new mitigation hedgerows along the permissive footpath have established they would screen the majority of the Solar PV development including the fencing although glimpses of the infrastructure would remain through access gates. The new hedgerows would restrict views across the immediately adjoining fields but the new hedge lined track would be in character with the surrounding hedges and be set back by several meters from the footpath such that it would not be oppressive. The proposed mitigation would therefore notably reduce the scale of change to visual amenity by Year 10.

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

Operation (Year 10): Medium— Once new mitigation hedgerows have established along the boundaries of the permissive footpath, they would mostly screen the new solar PV development although glimpses of the infrastructure would remain through access gates. As such the new manufactured structures associated with the Proposed Development would have a reduced impact on landscape character. The sense of openness in the landscape would remain reduced compared to the baseline but the new hedge lined tracks visible at this location would be comparable to the character experienced along Trundle Lane for example.

Kirkby Green.



Table A10.4.9 Viewpoint 8 – Bln/4/2

View from a PRoW south Construction/Decommissioning: representative PRoW network between Blankney, Scopwick and

The view is across a series of large, flat arable field parcels subdivided by mature hedgerows, tree belts and served by wide. well made agricultural tracks. Views across the fields are terminated in all directions by mature tree belts or blocks of woodland.

Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Large of Blankney. Viewpoint is Construction/ decommissioning of the Proposed on the Blankney Circuit Development in Fields By03, By04, By11 and By10 Stepping Out Route and is would take place immediate adjacent to this of viewpoint. This activity would be openly visible and recreational users of the result in highly prominent change to the view at this location.

> although development in Fields By04 and By03 would be heavily filtered by existing tree belts. The introduction of new energy infrastructure including solar PV development and boundary fencing would be highly prominent and restrict views across the immediately adjoining fields. It would however be set back by several meters from the footpath and would not be oppressive.

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

Construction/Decommissioning: Large - Prominent construction/ decommissioning activity in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a large scale of change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint.

Operation (Year 1): Large – Solar PV development | Operation (Year 1): Large – The introduction of solar would be visible in all directions from the viewpoint PV development immediately adjacent to the viewpoint would result in highly prominent new manufactured features in the landscape which would have a strong influence on landscape character at this location. The sense of openness in the landscape would be somewhat reduced but the scale of the landscape, the underlying vegetative structure, landform and sense of detachedness from urban development would remain unchanged. The new infrastructure would essentially sit within a mature agricultural framework and the landscape character at this location would remain primarily rural combining agrarian characteristics with those of a solar farm.



Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

hedgerows along the footpath have established they would screen the majority of the Solar PV development including the fencing although glimpses of the infrastructure would remain through access gates. The new hedgerows would restrict views across the immediately adjoining fields but the new hedge lined track would be in character with the surrounding hedges and be set back by several meters from the footpath such that it would not be oppressive. The proposed mitigation would therefore notably reduce the scale of change to visual amenity by Year 10.

Operation (Year 10): Medium – Once new mitigation Operation (Year 10): Medium – Once new mitigation hedgerows have established along the boundaries of the footpath, they would mostly screen the new solar PV development although glimpses of the infrastructure would remain through access gates. As such the new manufactured structures associated with the Proposed Development would have a reduced impact on landscape character. The sense of openness in the landscape would remain reduced compared to the baseline but the new hedge lined tracks visible at this location would be comparable to the character experienced along Trundle Lane for example.



Table A10.4.10 Viewpoint 9 – Scop/3/1 at Junction with Main Street, Scopwick

Table A10.4.10 Viewpoint 9 – Scop/3/1 at Junction with Main Street, Scopwick					
Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change			
immediately adjacent to the main street running through Scopwick. Representative of views from the village of		Construction/Decommissioning: Negligible - As the Proposed Development and associated construction/ decommissioning activity would be indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.			
Scopwick including residents and recreational users of the footpaths nearest the village and the main road between Scopwick and Kirkby Green.	Operation (Year 1): Negligible - The Proposed Development would be entirely screened from this viewpoint. There would be no discernible change in visual amenity.	Development would be indiscernible at this location,			
Views are across small pasture fields on the edge of the village and which are bound by mature hedgerows. Due to the flat surrounding landform, layers of hedgerows and tree belts screen more distant views. Vegetation along the Trundle Lane provides a particularly strong visual barrier to the north.	Operation (Year 10): Negligible - The Proposed Development would be entirely screened from this viewpoint. There would be no discernible change in visual amenity.	Operation (Year 10): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.			



Table A10.4.11 Viewpoint 10 – Spires and Steeples Trail Junction with Trundle Lane – North of Scopwick

View from a junction of footpaths north of Scopwick. Viewpoint is on both the Spires and Steeples Trail and the Scopwick Loop Stepping Out Route and is	Construction/ visible in Field the north and would also be connection of foreground field
•	
representative of	•
recreational users of the	
PRoW network between	against the ba
Blankney and Scopwick.	

The view north east is across a series of large, mostly flat arable field parcels subdivided bv mature hedgerows and served by wide, well made agricultural tracks. Tree belts restrict views to the south and west.

From here, views across the fields are terminated

Predicted Scale of Visual Change

/Decommissioning: Large/Medium decommissioning activity would be lds C9 and C8 approximately 400m to nd a primary construction compound e located over 600m to the north. Grid cables would be laid through the eld (Field Md02). This activity would be e although the construction compound back beyond two hedgerows and set ackdrop of Ash Holt.

Operation (Year 1): Small – The top of solar PV between gaps in and over the top of existing hedgerows on its southern boundary (principally during winter months). Any view of this infrastructure would be seen beyond a far more prominent pylon in the foreground. Solar PV development to the east would not be visible. The change in visual amenity experienced at this location would be relatively small.

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

Construction/Decommissioning: Large/Medium Visible construction/ decommissioning activity in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a large/medium scale of change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint.

Operation (Year 1): Small – The introduction of solar development in Field C9 would be just visible PV development over 400m to the north beyond an existing hedgerow would result in new manufactured features in the landscape which would have a small influence on landscape character at this location. The sense of openness, scale of the landscape, the underlying vegetative structure, landform and sense of detachedness from urban development would remain The new infrastructure undiminished. would essentially sit within a mature agricultural framework and the landscape character at this location would remain primarily rural.



Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

to the north by mature tree belts or blocks of woodland. Overhead pylons pass through the foreground field to the north east.

Operation (Year 10): Negligible – Once new mitigation hedgerows and existing hedgerows along the southern boundary of Field C9 have established to 3.5 m, there would be almost no view at all of the Proposed Development. There may remain just an occasional heavily filtered glimpse of the solar PV development in Field C9 in winter months but this would be barely discernible. The proposed mitigation would therefore reduce the scale of change to visual amenity by Year 10.

Operation (Year 10): Negligible – Once the existing hedgerow along the boundaries of Field C9 have been strengthened, they would almost entirely screen the new solar PV development although winter glimpses of the infrastructure may remain. As such the new manufactured structures associated with the Proposed Development would be barely discernible and have a reduced impact on landscape character.



Table A10.4.12 Viewpoint 11 – B1188 Junction with Bloxholm Lane

View from a junction of	of
roads and footpaths nort	h
of Scopwick House	€.
Viewpoint	İS
representative vehicula	ar
users of the roads an	d
recreational users of th	е
PRoW network betwee	n

Blankney and Scopwick.

east is across a series of flat arable field parcels subdivided by mature Holt. hedgerows and served by wide. well made tracks. agricultural series of woodland blocks belts and tree are prominent and terminate long distance views to the east.

of pylons pass A line across the foreground

Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Construction/Decommissioning: Medium Construction/ decommissioning activity would just be visible in Field C9 approximately 450m to the north east and a primary construction compound would also be located over 700m to the north east in Field C8. Grid connection cables would be laid through the foreground field (Field Md05). To the north at a distance of approximately 500m construction traffic may also be visible entering and exiting the site beyond intervening hedgerows. This The view east and north activity would be visible although the construction compound would be set back beyond two hedgerows and set against the backdrop of Ash

> Operation (Year 1): Small/Negligible – The very top of solar PV development in Fields C9 and Md01 may just be visible between gaps in and over the top of existing hedgerows (principally during winter months). Any view of this infrastructure would be seen beyond far more prominent pylons in the foreground. The change in visual amenity experienced at this location would be barely very small.

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

Construction/Decommissioning: Medium - Visible construction/ decommissioning activity in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a medium scale of change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint.

Operation (Year 1): Small/Negligible introduction of solar PV development over 450m to the north east beyond an existing hedgerow would result in glimpses of new manufactured features in the landscape which would have a very small influence on landscape character at this location. The sense of openness, scale of the landscape, the underlying vegetative structure, landform and sense of detachedness from urban development would remain



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
field to the east and traffic on the B1188 is a strong foreground visual influence.		undiminished. The new infrastructure would essentially sit within a mature agricultural framework and the landscape character at this location would remain primarily rural.

Operation (Year 10): Negligible – Once new mitigation hedgerows and existing hedgerows have established to 3.5 m, there would be almost no view at all of the Proposed Development. There may remain just an occasional heavily filtered glimpse of the solar PV development in Field C9 in winter months but this would be barely discernible. The proposed mitigation would therefore reduce the scale of change to visual amenity by Year 10.

Operation (Year 10): Negligible – Once the existing hedgerows have been strengthened, they would almost entirely screen the new solar PV development although winter glimpses of the infrastructure may remain. As such the new manufactured structures associated with the Proposed Development would be barely discernible.



Table A10.4.13 Viewpoint 12 – Spires and Steeples Trail

View from the Spires a	and
Steeples Trail south	of
Blankney which	is
representative	of
recreational users of	the
PRoW network between	en
Blankney and Scopwic	k.

The view from this location is across surrounding arable fields which are mostly flat and subdivided by mature hedgerows and woodland blocks and which are served by wide, well made agricultural tracks.

A series of farms buildings are visible in the surrounding landscape and the church tower in Blankney is visible to the north. Overhead pylons

Predicted Scale of Visual Change

and Construction/Decommissioning: Large — Construction/ decommissioning activity would be visible in Field C6 immediately adjacent to the viewpoint and a primary construction compound would also be located over 400m to the south east. To the south at a distance of approximately 400m construction traffic would also be visible entering and exiting the site. This activity would be clearly visible although the construction compound would be set back beyond a hedgerow and set against the elds

development in Field C6 would be clearly visible in the adjoining field but the view in all other directions would remain unchanged and there would be no impact on views towards the church tower in Blankney. The introduction of new energy infrastructure including solar PV development and boundary fencing would be highly prominent in a small arc of the overall view. It would however be set back by several meters from the footpath and would not be oppressive.

Operation (Year 1): Large/Medium - Solar PV

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

Construction/Decommissioning: Large – Visible construction/ decommissioning activity in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a large scale of change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint.

Operation (Year 1): Large/Medium – The introduction of solar PV development immediately adjacent to the viewpoint would result in highly prominent new manufactured features in the landscape which would have a strong influence on landscape character at this location. However the Proposed Development would only occupy a small arc of the overall landscape as experienced at this location and the scale of the landscape, the underlying vegetative structure, landform and sense of detachedness from urban development would remain unchanged. The new infrastructure would essentially sit within a mature



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
pass through the field to the west and traffic on the B1188 is also visible to the west.		agricultural framework and the landscape character at this location would remain primarily rural combining agrarian characteristics with those of a solar farm.

Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible – Once new mitigation hedgerows and existing hedgerows have established to 3.5 m, there would be almost no view at all of the Proposed Development. There may remain just an occasional heavily filtered glimpse of the solar PV development in Field C6 in winter months but this would be barely discernible. The proposed mitigation would therefore reduce the scale of change to visual amenity by Year 10.

Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible – Once new mitigation hedgerows and existing hedgerows have established to 3.5 m, they would almost entirely screen the new solar PV development although winter glimpses of the infrastructure may remain. As such the new manufactured structures associated with the Proposed Development would be barely discernible and have a reduced impact on landscape character.



Table A10.4.14 Viewpoint 13 – Blankney Stepping Out Car Park and Picnic Area		
Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
a picnic area east of Blankney. Viewpoint is on the Blankney Circuit Stepping Out Route and is	Construction/Decommissioning: Large/Medium – Construction/decommissioning activity would be visible in Field By03 approximately 150m to the south. This activity would be clearly visible but filtered by a broken tree belt along the field's northern boundary.	
recreational users of the PRoW network between Blankney, Scopwick and Kirkby Green. The view south east is across a series of mostly flat pasture and arable field parcels subdivided by mature hedgerows and interspersed with woodland blocks. Some agricultural buildings are just visible to	Operation (Year 1): Large/Medium – Solar PV development in Field C6 would be visible (particularly in winter months) between gaps in the broken tree belt along the field's northern boundary. Any view of this infrastructure would be seen beyond a foreground pasture field which would remain unchanged.	would result in relatively prominent new manmade features in the landscape which would have a strong
the south and pole mounted overhead lines	Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible – Once new	Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible - Once new

Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible - Once new Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible - Once new

mitigation hedgerows and existing hedgerows along mitigation hedgerows and existing hedgerows along

pass through the fields to

the south. Woodland



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
viewpoint to the north and	to 3.5 m, there would be almost no view at all of the Proposed Development. There may remain just an occasional heavily filtered glimpse of the solar PV development in Field C6 in winter months but this would be barely discernible. The proposed	the northern boundary of Field C6 have established to 3.5 m, they would almost entirely screen the new solar PV development although winter glimpses of the infrastructure may remain. As such the new manufactured structures associated with the Proposed Development would be barely discernible and have a reduced impact on landscape character.

Table A10.4.15 Viewpoint 14 – Blankney Walks Lane near Brickyard Cottage

Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
running between Blankney and the Metheringham to Sleaford Railway bridleway crossing. Representative of views experienced by residents accessing isolated properties and recreational	- The Proposed Development would be almost entirely screened from this viewpoint as would construction/decommissioning activity. There may be some barely discernible distant glimpses of the very top of new infrastructure being erected/removed. The change in visual amenity	·
users of the lane.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Operation (Year 1): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be largely indiscernible at this



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
Views are across adjoining arable fields which are intersected by hedgerows and woodland blocks. To the	screened from this viewpoint. There may be some barely discernible distant glimpses of the very top of new infrastructure. The change in visual amenity would be extremely small.	location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.
north there are glimpses of Metheringham and to the south there are glimpses of	hedgerows have been enhanced, the Proposed	Operation (Year 10): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape

this viewpoint. There would be no discernible character.

change in visual amenity.

electricity

mounted

pole

lines.



Table A10.4.16 Viewpoint 15 – B1191 Western Edge of Scopwick

Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
Road) on the western edge	Proposed Development would be largely screened from this viewpoint by rising landform as would the associated construction/decommissioning activity. There	proximity to the viewpoint would result in a medium scale of change to the existing agrarian character
	Operation (Year 1): Small - The Proposed Development would be largely screened from this viewpoint by rising landform. The very top of solar PV development in Fields Bk04, Bk06, Bk15, Bk08, Bk09 and Bk11 would just be glimpsed over the ridge and intervening hedgerows. The change in visual amenity would be relatively small in the context of the foreground fields and traffic on the B1188.	Operation (Year 1): Small – As the solar PV development would not be prominent at this location and the road would continue to be the prominent feature in the foreground, there would be only a small change in landscape character.
	Operation (Year 10): Small - The Proposed	Operation (Year 10): Small - As the solar PV

Development would be largely screened from this development would not be prominent at this location



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
		and the road would continue to be the prominent feature in the foreground, there would be only a small change in landscape character.

Table A10.4.17 Viewpoint 16 – Footpath Rows/5/1 west of Sheffield House

rable 7/16.1.11 Viewpoint 16 1 cotpati 1/cwc/c/1 woot of chomola floade		
Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
of Sheffield House. Viewpoint is representative of recreational users of the PRoW network between RAF Digby and the B1188	Construction/Decommissioning: Medium/Small — Construction/ decommissioning of the Proposed Development in Fields Bk05 and Bk10, would take place close to this viewpoint but beyond a relatively mature hedgerow which would heavily filter views resulting in a relatively small scale of change in visual amenity.	Construction/Decommissioning: Medium/Small - Visible construction/ decommissioning activity in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a medium/small scale of change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint.
(Lincoln Road).		
The view is across a series of medium and	development would be located in Fields Bk05 and	Operation (Year 1): Small – As the solar PV development would not be prominent at this location and the road would continue to be the prominent

hedgerows.



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
relatively elevated arable fields which are subdivided by hedgerows. Views to the south are relatively open whilst views to the north are	hedgerows such that only glimpses of the Proposed Development would be possible (particularly in winter months). Views in the opposite direction to the south would remain largely unchanged. The introduction of new energy infrastructure including solar PV development and boundary fencing would not be highly prominent and have a relatively small influence on visual amenity.	feature in the foreground, there would be only a small change in landscape character.

filtered glimpses may remain in winter months. The change in landscape character. proposed mitigation would therefore reduce the scale of change to visual amenity by Year 10.

Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible - Once Operation (Year 10): Small - As the solar PV existing hedgerows have been enhanced, they development would not be prominent at this location would largely screen the Solar PV development and the road would continue to be the prominent including the fencing although some very heavily feature in the foreground, there would be only a small



Table A10.4.18 Viewpoint 17 – Footpath Rows/5/1 north of the Maltings

View from a PRoW north
of several properties at
Rowston Top including
The Maltings. Viewpoint is
representative of
recreational users of the
PRoW network between
RAF Digby and the B1188
(Lincoln Road).

The view is across a series of large, flat and relatively elevated arable fields to the north and east but to the south the view is across paddocks and Rowston Top and views to the west are terminated by a block of woodland.

Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Construction/Decommissioning: Large Construction/ decommissioning of the Proposed Development in Fields Rw01, Rw02, Bk02 and Bk04, would take place immediate adjacent to this viewpoint and a secondary construction compound is proposed in Field Bk04. This activity would be openly visible and result in highly prominent change to the view at this location.

would be openly visible to the immediate north of the viewpoint but views in the opposite direction to the south would remain largely unchanged. The introduction of new energy infrastructure including solar PV development and boundary fencing would be highly prominent and restrict views across the immediately adjoining field to the north. It would however be set back by several meters from the footpath and would not be oppressive.

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

Construction/Decommissioning: Large - Prominent construction/ decommissioning activity in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a large scale of change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint.

Operation (Year 1): Large – Solar PV development | Operation (Year 1): Large – The introduction of solar PV development immediately adjacent to the viewpoint would result in highly prominent new manufactured features in the landscape which would have a strong influence on landscape character at this location. The sense of openness in the landscape would be somewhat reduced but the scale of the landscape, the underlying vegetative structure, landform and sense of detachedness from urban development would remain undiminished. The new infrastructure would essentially sit within a mature agricultural framework and the landscape character at this location would remain primarily rural combining agrarian characteristics with those of a solar farm.



Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

Operation (Year 10): Small – Once new mitigation hedgerows along the southern boundary of Field Rw01 and Rw02 have established they would screen the majority of the Solar PV development including the fencing. The new hedgerow would restrict views across the immediately adjoining field to the north but be in character with the surrounding hedges and be set back by several meters from the footpath such that it would not be oppressive.

Operation (Year 10): Small – Once new mitigation hedgerows have established along the southern boundary of Field Rw01 and Rw02, they would mostly screen the new solar PV development. As such the new manufactured structures associated with the Proposed Development would have a much reduced impact on landscape character. The sense of openness in the landscape would remain somewhat reduced compared to the baseline but the new hedge lined tracks visible at this location would retain a rural character.



Table A10.4.19 Viewpoint 18 – Heath Road (B1191) near Digby Quarry

	and the control of the graph and y	
Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
Road) east of RAF Digby.	as would the associated construction/decommissioning activity. There would however be some views of construction/decommissioning traffic entering	construction/ decommissioning activity in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a large scale
	Operation (Year 1): Small - The Proposed Development would be largely screened from this viewpoint by rising landform. The very top of solar PV development in Fields Bk04, Bk06 and Bk15 would just be glimpsed over the ridge and intervening hedgerows. The change in visual amenity would be relatively small in the context of the foreground fields and traffic on the B1188.	and the road would continue to be the prominent feature in the foreground, there would be only a small

PV development in Fields Bk04, Bk06 and Bk15

Operation (Year 10): Small - The Proposed Operation (Year 10): Small - As the solar PV Development would be largely screened from this development would not be prominent at this location viewpoint by rising landform. The very top of solar and the road would continue to be the prominent



would just be glimpsed over the ridge although intervening hedgerows maintained at a height of 3.5 m would soften this view. The change in visual amenity would be relatively small in the context of the foreground fields and traffic on the B1188.

feature in the foreground, there would be only a small change in landscape character.

Table A10.4.20 Viewpoint 19 – Scopwick Heath Restricted Byway Scop/12/2

Baseline View Predicted Scale of Visual Change Predicted Scale of Landscape Change View from a restrictive byway Construction/Decommissioning: Medium - The Construction/Decommissioning: Medium - Visible Proposed Development would be largely construction/ decommissioning activity on the distant north of the B1188. of views screened from this viewpoint by rising landform ridge would result in a medium scale of change to the Representative existing agrarian character experienced in the experienced would the associated recreational as users of the route across construction/decommissioning activity. There immediate vicinity of the viewpoint. Scopwick Heath would however be some views of construction/decommissioning traffic entering Views are across vast open and leaving the site approximately 200 m to the arable fields with the B1188 north east and there would be some view of the in the mid distance and secondary construction compound in Field Bk04. beyond which arable fields on the far side gently rise Operation (Year 1): Small - The Proposed Operation (Year 1): Small - As the solar PV southwards to a low ridge. development would not be prominent at this location Development would be largely screened from this The fields on the far side of viewpoint by rising landform. The very top of solar and the foreground fields would continue to be the the B1188 are subdivided by PV development in Fields Bk04, Bk06, Bk15, prominent feature in the foreground, there would be hedgerows. A number of Bk08, Bk09 and Bk11 would just be glimpsed only a small change in landscape character.



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
the road including Scopwick	over the ridge and intervening hedgerows. The change in visual amenity would be relatively small in the context of the vast foreground fields and traffic on the B1188.	
visual amenity.		Operation (Year 1): Small – As the solar PV development would not be prominent at this location and the foreground fields would continue to be the prominent feature in the foreground, there would be only a small change in landscape character.

Table A10.4.21 Viewpoint 20 - Main Street, west of Junction with B1188, Lincoln Road

and traffic on the B1188.

change in visual amenity would be relatively small in the context of the vast foreground fields

Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
Street and the B1188 (Lincoln Road) and	Proposed Development would be entirely screened from this viewpoint as would	Construction/Decommissioning: Negligible - As the Proposed Development and associated construction/ decommissioning activity would be indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
transient vehicle users on these roads. Views are across large scale, mostly flat arable fields in all directions and the B1188 itself dominates the foreground view in a north and south direction. The open fields are occasionally dissected by field boundary hedgerows, tree belts and individual hedgerow trees. A row of pylons is visible in the mid distance to the west. Due to the flat surrounding landform, layers of hedgerows and tree belts screen more distant views.	Development would be entirely screened from this viewpoint. There would be no discernible	Operation (Year 1): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.
	Development would be entirely screened from	Operation (Year 10): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.



Table A10.4.22 Viewpoint 21	able A10.4.22 Viewpoint 21 – Main Street, Ashby de la Launde	
Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
View from the verge of Main Street on the southern edge of Ashby de la Launde and representative principally of transient vehicle users on this road but also some recreational users of the road as well. The residential properties in the village are screened by a woodland block. Views are across large scale, flat or gently sloping arable fields in both the south and east directions although the view of transient vehicular users is channelled primarily along the road.	Construction/Decommissioning: Small - The Proposed Development would be mostly screened from this viewpoint but there would be glimpses of construction/decommissioning associated with solar PV development in Fields Bcd123, Bcd129 and Bcd 128 at a minimum distance of 1.6 km. Any change in visual amenity would be very small and the majority of the panorama would remain unaffected.	Construction/Decommissioning: Small - Any construction/decommissioning activity visible at this location would result in a relatively small change in landscape character which would continue to be heavily dominated by the large scale arable fields closer to the viewpoint
	Operation (Year 1): Small - The Proposed Development would be mostly screened from this viewpoint but there would be glimpses of solar PV development in Fields Bcd123, Bcd129 and Bcd 128 at a minimum distance of 1.6 km. This would be viewed in the same direction as existing pylons and distant glimpses of the A15. Any change in visual amenity would be very small and the majority of the panorama would remain unaffected.	Operation (Year 1): Small - Any views of the Proposed Development at this location would result in very little change in landscape character which would continue to be heavily dominated by the large scale arable fields closer to the viewpoint.
From this slightly elevated	Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible - Once a	Operation (Year 10): Negligible - Once a new

new structural tree belt has established alongside structural tree belt has established alongside Heath

Heath Road, this would almost entirely screen the Road, this would almost entirely screen the Proposed

position, there are long

distance views and various

woodland blocks and tree

discernible.



belts can be seen across the landscape. In the middle distance buildings at House can be seen and in the far distance to the south east, pylons can be seen across the horizon and vehicles on the A15 are just Predicted Scale of Landscape Change Predicted Scale of Landscape Change Development and changes to landscape character would be almost indiscernible. Development and changes to landscape character would be almost indiscernible.

Table A10.4.23 Viewpoint 22 – Junction of Heath Road (B1191) and Navenby Lane

Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
Heath Road and Navenby Lane south of Ashby de la Launde and representative principally of transient vehicle users on this road but also some recreational	Construction/decommissioning associated with solar PV development in Fields Bcd097, Bcd096 and Bcd093 would be visible at a minimum	Construction/Decommissioning: Medium - Any construction/decommissioning activity visible at this location would result in a medium change in landscape character which would continue to be heavily dominated by the large scale arable fields closer to the viewpoint



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
	nature of the surrounding landform, which the activity would be visible it would not be highly prominent at this distance.	
Views are across vast, flat arable fields in all directions. To the north, there are views of RAF Digby and a number of coverts intersect the otherwise open landscape. Hedgerows are relatively infrequent.	in Fields Bcd097, Bcd096 and Bcd093 would be visible at a minimum distance of 800 m beyond large arable fields. However, due to the distance	Operation (Year 1): Small - Any views of the Proposed Development at this location would result in relatively little change in landscape character which would continue to be heavily dominated by the large scale arable fields closer to the viewpoint and sense of openness.

Due to the flat open nature of the landscape, there are relatively long distance views to the east and pylons are visible in the distance. Traffic on Heath Road is a strong visual influence at this location.

the distance and flat landform of the landscape. the Proposed Development would be a small feature in the wide panorama and have a relatively small influence on visual amenity.

Operation (Year 10): Small - Solar PV Operation (Year 10): Small - Any views of the development in Fields Bcd097, Bcd096 and Proposed Development at this location would result in Bcd093 would be visible at a minimum distance of relatively little change in landscape character which 800 m beyond large arable fields. However, due to would continue to be heavily dominated by the large scale arable fields closer to the viewpoint.

viewpoint.



Table A10.4.24 Viewpoint 23 – Heath Road at Slate House Farm

View from Heath Road at
the entrance to Slate
House Farm south east of
Ashby de la Launde and
representative principally of
transient vehicle users on
this road but also some
recreational users of the
roads as well. A small
number of residential
properties also share a
similar view near this

Views are across large, flat arable fields in all directions but to the north west vegetation around Slate House Farm foreshortens the view.

Due to the flat open nature of the landscape, there are relatively long distance views to the east and

Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Construction/Decommissioning: Medium - Construction/decommissioning associated with solar PV development in Fields Bcd123 and Bcd129 would be visible beyond the foreground field and a low hedgerow (which will grow taller before commencement of construction). This would be relatively clear in the view but seen in the context of traffic on Heath Road.

Operation (Year 1): Medium - Solar PV development in Fields Bcd123 and Bcd129 would be visible beyond a foreground field and a low hedgerow (which will grow taller before operation). This would be relatively clear in the view but seen in the context of traffic on Heath Road.

Operation (Year 10): Small – Once established, new structure planting along the southern edge of Field 118 would largely screen views of the solar PV development in Fields Bcd123, Bcd115 and Bcd129 although some glimpses of infrastructure may be possible over the top and through this vegetation (in winter months only). The Proposed

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

Construction/Decommissioning: Medium - Any construction/decommissioning activity visible at this location would result in a medium change in landscape character, introducing energy infrastructure into an agrarian context which would continue to be defined mostly by the adjacent fields closer to the viewpoint and Heath Road.

Operation (Year 1): Medium - Any view of the solar PV development at this location would result in a medium change in landscape character, introducing energy infrastructure into an agrarian context which would continue to be defined mostly by the adjacent fields closer to the viewpoint and Heath Road.

Operation (Year 10): Small - Any views of the Proposed Development at this location would result in relatively little change in landscape character which would continue to be defined by the adjacent fields closer to the viewpoint and Heath Road.



redicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
evelopment would be a small feature in the wide anorama and have a relatively small influence on sual amenity.	
ev an	velopment would be a small feature in the wide orama and have a relatively small influence on

Table A10.4.25 Viewpoint 24 – Bloxholm Wood Nature Reserve Layby

Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
	Construction/decommissioning associated with	Construction/Decommissioning: Large - Prominent construction/ decommissioning activity in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a large scale of change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint.
recreational users of the local nature reserve who frequently park in this layby.	in Fields Bcd139 and Bcd138 would be openly visible immediately adjacent to this viewpoint	Operation (Year 1): Large – The introduction of solar PV development immediately adjacent to the viewpoint would result in highly prominent new manufactured features in the landscape which would



Views heavily are influenced by Heath Road in the foreground and its fast moving traffic but adjacent fields to the south openly visible. are Bloxholm Wood itself acts as a visual barrier to the roadside east and hedgerows limit views in a westerly direction.

Large overhead pylons are a key feature in this relatively flat arable landscape and are highly prominent in the local context.

Predicted Scale of Visual Change

just be glimpsed over the hedgerow in Field Bcd128. The Proposed Development would be highly prominent but seen in the context of existing prominent pylons and traffic on Heath Road.

Operation (Year 10): Medium – Once new structural mitigation planting and hedgerows have established around solar PV development in Fields Bcd139 and Bcd138 the Proposed Development would be largely screened with only heavily filtered glimpses of development behind it in winter months. The planting would however also screen the longer distance views across the currently open arable field resulting in a medium scale of change to the baseline view.

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

have a strong influence on landscape character at this location but which would be experienced in the context of existing prominent pylons and traffic on Heath Road. The sense of openness to the south in the landscape would be somewhat reduced. The new infrastructure would essentially sit within a mature vegetation framework and the landscape character at this location would remain primarily rural combining agrarian characteristics with those of a solar farm.

Operation (Year 10): Medium – Once new mitigation measures have established around solar PV development in Fields Bcd139 and Bcd138, it would mostly screen the new solar PV development. As such the new manufactured structures associated with the Proposed Development would have a much reduced impact on landscape character. The sense of openness in the landscape would remain somewhat reduced compared to the baseline but the new structural planting would complement the existing woodland in Bloxholm Wood.



Table A10.4.26 Viewpoint 25 – Ashl/11/1 in Long Plantation		
Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
View from public footpath as it passes through Bloxholm Wood. Viewpoint is representative of recreational users of the local nature reserve and others who use the local footpath network. Bloxholm Wood itself acts as a visual barrier to the north but to the south there are views across arable and pasture fields defined by well maintained hedgerows.	gh Construction/ decommissioning of solar PV development in Field Bcd139 would just be visible through adjacent trees and across an intervening hedgerow however this would not be prominent.	prominent at this location, there would be a small
	Operation (Year 1): Small/Negligible - solar PV development in Field Bcd139 would just be visible through adjacent trees and across an intervening hedgerow however this would be barely	
	Operation (Year 10): Negligible – Once existing hedgerows have established to 3.5 m in height,	Development would be indiscernible at this location,
Large overhead pylons a key feature in the wid context of this relatively farable landscape and a highly prominent in total context.	er lat re	



	able A10.4.27 Viewpoint 26 – Church Lane north of All Saint's Church, Brauncewell		vell
	Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
View from a minor tree lined road close to All Saints Church in Brauncewell. Viewpoint is representative of visitors to the church and some recreational users of the local road and PROW network south east of the Site. The viewpoint is located in a slight dip in the landscape and fields surrounding the viewpoint rise gently in a bowl around it. The surrounding fields are broken up by several woodland blocks. Large overhead pylons are a key feature and are highly prominent in the local approach.	Construction/Decommissioning: Small - Construction/ decommissioning of solar PV development in Field E1 would just be visible through adjacent trees and across an intervening hedgerow however this would not be prominent and would be seen in the context of a highly prominent pylon.	<u> </u>	
	Operation (Year 1): Small - Solar PV development in Field E1 would just be visible through adjacent trees and across an intervening hedgerow however this would be barely discernible and glimpses would be seen in the context of a highly prominent pylon.	Proposed Development would be barely indiscernible at this location, there would be a small/negligible	
	Operation (Year 10): Small – Solar PV development in Field E1 would just be visible through adjacent trees and across an intervening hedgerow however this would be barely discernible and glimpses would be seen in the context of a highly prominent pylon.	Proposed Development would be barely indiscernible at this location, there would be a small/negligible	

context. The church and a



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
cluster of other farm buildings are also locally visible.		

Table A10.4.28 Viewpoint 27 – Junction of A15 and Local Road west of Dale Farm

Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
A15 at a high point on the	Construction/Decommissioning: Medium — Construction/ decommissioning activity would be visible in the far distance across various fields in Springwell West to the north. The foreground fields would remain unchanged and blocks of woodland in the mid distance such as that around Brauncewell Quarry would break up the development. Views of the activity would be seen in the context of heavy traffic on the A15 and a row of pylons across the view.	'
distance views to the north across a large scale arable landscape intersected by	·	Operation (Year 1): Medium/Small - Visible construction/decommissioning activity in the far distance would be visible but the character of the



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
occasional hedgerows. Vegetation around Brauncewell Quarry nearby is prominent as is the line of	unchanged and blocks of woodland in the mid distance such as that around Brauncewell Quarry	landscape at this viewpoint would continue to be dominated primarily by the large scale fields immediately adjacent to the viewpoint, the wide expansive openness of the location and heavy traffic movement on the A15.

The A15 and fast moving traffic on it is a strong visual influence at this location.

unchanged and blocks of woodland in the mid distance such as that around Brauncewell Quarry activity would be seen in the context of heavy movement on the A15. traffic on the A15 and a row of pylons across the view.

Operation (Year 10): Medium - Solar PV Operation (Year 10): Medium/Small - Visible development would be visible in the far distance construction/decommissioning activity in the far across various fields in Springwell West to the distance would be visible but the character of the north. The foreground fields would remain landscape at this viewpoint would continue to be dominated primarily by the large scale fields immediately adjacent to the viewpoint, the wide would break up the development. Views of the expansive openness of the location and heavy traffic



Table A10.4.29 Viewpoint 28 – North of Junction of A15 and Church Lane		
Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
View from the verge of the A15 at a dip in the road near the junction with Church Lane at Brauncewell. Viewpoint is representative primarily of transient vehicle users on the A15.	Construction/Decommissioning: Large - Construction/ decommissioning activity would be highly visible in the fields immediately adjoining the road. Views of the activity would be seen in the context of heavy traffic on the A15 and a row of pylons across the view. This activity would be openly visible and result in highly prominent change to the view at this location.	Construction/Decommissioning: Large/Medium — Visible construction/ decommissioning activity in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a large/medium scale of change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint but the road itself would continue to dominate the character at this location.
From this location on the A15 there are mid distance views of the surrounding large arable fields but long distance views are restricted by landform and blocks of woodland in the surrounding landscape.	would be highly visible in the fields immediately	Operation (Year 1): Large/Medium – The Proposed Development in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a large/medium scale of change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint but the road itself would continue to dominate the character at this location.
Vegetation around		

Brauncewell Quarry nearby is prominent as is the line of large pylons which cross the landscape.

Development would be largely screened with of the landscape but the denser hedgerows alongside

Operation (Year 10): Medium/Small - Once Operation (Year 10): Small - Once roadside hedgerows have established along the roadside hedgerows have established the new infrastructure edges of Fields E1 and W1 the Proposed would have little discernible influence on the character Springwell Solar Farm Environmental Statement Appendix 10.4: Visual Analysis



The A15 and fast moving traffic on it is a strong visual influence at this location.

potentially very heavily filtered glimpses in winter the road would in themselves screen views of the months only. The mitigation hedgerows would gappy hedgerows and traffic on the A15 itself character at this location. would dominate the view.

adjoining fields and result in a small change to the view restrict views across the fields but repair previous but traffic on the A15 would continue to dominate the



Table A10.4.20 Viewpoint 20. A15 at Junction with Warren Land

Table A10.4.30 Viewpoint 29 – A15 at Junction with Warren Lane		
Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
View from the verge of the A15 near the junction with Warren Lane and just west of Ashby Lodge Cottages. Viewpoint is representative primarily of transient vehicle users on the A15.	Construction/ decommissioning activity would be	Construction/Decommissioning: Large — Visible construction/ decommissioning activity in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a large scale of change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint but the road itself would continue to dominate the character at this location.
From this location on the A15 there are relatively long distance views of the surrounding flat, large and arable fields but views to the east are restricted by roadside trees. Large pylons which cross the landscape are	Operation (Year 1): Large – Solar PV development would be highly visible in the fields immediately adjoining the road. Views of the Proposed Development would be seen in the context of heavy traffic on the A15 and a row of pylons across the view. Despite some gappy hedgerows alongside the road, the development would initially be openly visible and result in highly prominent change to the view at this location.	Operation (Year 1): Large – The Proposed Development in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a large scale of change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint but the road itself would continue to dominate the character at this location.
prominent and agricultural buildings are evident within	Operation (Year 10): Medium – Once new	Operation (Year 10): Medium – Glimpses of the solar

Operation (Year 10): Medium - Once new Operation (Year 10): Medium - Glimpses of the solar roadside hedgerows have established along the PV development over the tops of the hedgerows and A15 and Warren Lane much of the solar PV the foreshortening of long distance views across the development would be screened although there open arable fields would result in a medium scale of

the wider landscape.



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
The A15 and fast moving traffic on it is a strong visual influence at this location.	the tops of these hedgerows and heavily filtered	change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint but the road itself would continue to dominate the character at this location.

Table A10.4.31 Viewpoint 30 – A15 on the line of Restricted Byway Temp1/1

Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
A15 near Temple High Grange Farm and representative of views experienced by transient vehicle users of the A15 as they approach the Proposed Development from the north. Views are open across vast,	The solar PV development and its construction/decommissioning would be barely visible from this viewpoint due to a combination of distance, gently rolling landform and vegetation screening. Construction/decommissioning activity at the Springwell Substation site would be visible in the distance but partly screened by intervening	Construction/Decommissioning: Medium/Small – Any construction/decommissioning activity visible at this location would result in a relatively small change in landscape character which would continue to be heavily dominated by the large scale arable fields closer to the viewpoint as well as heavy traffic movement on the A15 in the foreground.



Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

undulating arable fields on both sides of the A15 but foreground views are channelled along the A15 trunk road and heavy traffic movement dominates the experience at this location.

The adjacent fields have a backdrop of woodland blocks to the west and also in the far distance to the east. Fields are also occasionally intersected by a series of woodland blocks and occasional hedgerows. A prominent row of pylons runs parallel to the A15 some distance to the east.

undulating arable fields on far side of the A15. Any activity would be seen in both sides of the A15 but the foreground context of traffic on the A15.

Operation (Year 1): Small - The solar PV development would be barely visible from this viewpoint due to a combination of distance, gently rolling landform and screening from woodland blocks and hedgerows. The top of the Springwell Substation would be visible beyond intervening hedgerows but be far less prominent than the pylons which run parallel to the A15. The view would continue to be dominated by the vast openness of the surrounding arable fields in closer proximity to the viewpoint and any view of the Springwell Substation would be seen in the foreground context of traffic on the A15.

Operation (Year 1): Small - The solar PV development would be barely visible from this viewpoint due to a combination of distance, gently rolling landform and screening from woodland blocks and hedgerows. The top of the Springwell Substation would be visible beyond

Operation (Year 10): Small - The solar PV development would be barely visible from this viewpoint due to a combination of distance, gently rolling landform and screening from woodland blocks and hedgerows. The top of the Springwell Substation would be visible beyond intervening hedgerows but be far less prominent than the pylons which run parallel to the A15. The

Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible - Any views of the Proposed Development at this location would result in very little change in landscape character which would continue to be heavily dominated by the large scale arable fields closer to the viewpoint as well as heavy traffic movement on the A15 in the foreground.



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
	view would continue to be dominated by the vast openness of the surrounding arable fields in closer proximity to the viewpoint and any view of the Springwell Substation would be seen in the foreground context of traffic on the A15.	

Table A10.4.32 Viewpoint 31 – Junction of BRAU/10/1 and Long Lane

Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
Lane and representative of views experienced by recreational users of a country lane and PRoW	Construction/Decommissioning: Small/Negligible - The Proposed Development would be barely visible from this viewpoint due to a combination of distance, gently rolling landform and screening from woodland blocks and hedgerows. Construction/decommissioning activity would likewise be largely screened. Any glimpses of activity would be seen in the distant context of traffic on the A15. The change in visual amenity would be extremely small.	Construction/Decommissioning: Negligible - As the Proposed Development and associated construction/ decommissioning activity would be barely discernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.



rolling arable fields in all directions. The fields are intersected by a series of woodland blocks and occasional hedgerows. Views to the east are also interrupted by vegetation around the periphery of Brauncewell Quarry. In the far distance to the west. vehicles on the A15 are just visible in a gap between woodland blocks and a row of pylons is visible broadly parallel to the A15.

Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Operation (Year 1): Small/Negligible - The Proposed Development would be barely visible from this viewpoint due to a combination of distance, gently rolling landform and screening from woodland blocks and hedgerows. Any glimpses of solar PV development would be seen in the distant context of traffic on the A15. The change in visual amenity would be extremely small.

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

Operation (Year 1): Small/Negligible - The Proposed Development would be barely visible from this viewpoint due to a combination of distance, gently rolling landform and screening Operation (Year 1): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be barely discernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.

Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible - The Proposed Development would be barely visible from this viewpoint due to a combination of distance, gently rolling landform and screening from woodland blocks and hedgerows. Any glimpses of solar PV development would be seen in the distant context of traffic on the A15. The change in visual amenity would be extremely small.

Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible - The Operation (Year 10): Negligible - As the Proposed Proposed Development would be barely visible Development would be barely discernible at this from this viewpoint due to a combination of distance, gently rolling landform and screening landscape character.



Table A10.4.33 Viewpoint 32 – Temple Road east of Temple Bruer

Table A10.4.33 Viewpoint 32 –	able A10.4.33 Viewpoint 32 – Temple Road east of Temple Bruer	
Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
representative of views	from roadside vegetation and other field hedgerows. Construction/decommissioning activity would likewise be largely screened. There may be a very small glimpse of activity at the end	Construction/Decommissioning: Negligible - As the Proposed Development and associated construction/ decommissioning activity would be barely discernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.
	Proposed Development would be barely visible	Operation (Year 1): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be barely discernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.
	Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible - The	Operation (Year 10): Negligible - As the Proposed

Proposed Development would be barely visible Development would be barely discernible at this



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
	from this viewpoint due to a combination of distance, gently rolling landform and screening from roadside vegetation and other field hedgerows. There may be a very small glimpse of solar PV development at the end of the road. The change in visual amenity would be extremely small.	location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.

Table A10.4.34 Viewpoint 33 – The Viking Way/High Dike south of Temple Road

Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
footpath and representative of views experienced by recreational users of a country lane and PRoW	Proposed Development would be entirely screened from this viewpoint as would	Construction/Decommissioning: Negligible - As the Proposed Development and associated construction/ decommissioning activity would be indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.
network to the east of the Site. Views are across large scale, mostly flat to gently	Development would be entirely screened from	Operation (Year 1): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
intersected by a series of	Development would be entirely screened from this viewpoint. There would be no discernible	Operation (Year 10): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.

Table A10.4.35 Viewpoint 34 – Junction of New England Lane and Warren Lane

Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
representative of views experienced by recreational users of a country lane and	Proposed Development would be mostly screened from this viewpoint but distant cranes	Construction/Decommissioning: Small - As the Proposed Development and associated construction/ decommissioning activity would only be glimpsed in the distance, there would be a small change in landscape character.



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
Views are principally along either New England Lane or Warren Lane but with glimpses and across adjacent large scale, mostly flat to arable fields. The fields are intersected by a series of woodland blocks and occasional hedgerows. In	Proposed Development would be mostly screened from this viewpoint due to a combination of distance, landform and vegetation. The very top of the Springwell	Operation (Year 1): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be largely indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.

Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible - The Proposed Development would be mostly screened from this viewpoint due to a combination of distance, landform and vegetation. The very top of the Springwell Substation and BESS may be glimpsed in the far distance. Any change in visual amenity would be barely discernible.

Operation (Year 10): Small/Negligible - The Operation (Year 10): Negligible - As the Proposed Proposed Development would be mostly Development would be largely indiscernible at this screened from this viewpoint due to a location, there would be a negligible change in combination of distance, landform and landscape character.

the far distance to the north

east, the tops of pylons

adjacent to the A15 are

visible.



Table A10.4.36 Viewpoint 35 – Warren Lane near Thompsons Bottom		
Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
View from Warren Lane to the east of Thompson Bottom Farm. Viewpoint is representative primarily of transient vehicle users on this road but also some occasional recreational users of the road. From this location there are wide open views across the vast arable landscape on either side of Warren Lane. Vegetation is sparse but there are some blocks of woodland in the wider landscape. Large overhead pylons tower over the viewpoint	Construction/Decommissioning: Large - Construction/ decommissioning activity would be highly visible in the fields immediately adjoining the road and construction of Springwell Substation and the BESS would also be visible to the north at this location. Views of the activity would be seen in the context of traffic on the A15 (and to a lesser degree also Warren Lane) and a dominant row of pylons at this location. This activity would be openly visible and result in highly prominent change to the view at this location.	Construction/Decommissioning: Large – Visible construction/ decommissioning activity in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a large scale of change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint but be experienced in the immediate context of dominant pylons.
	Operation (Year 1): Large – Solar PV development would be highly visible in the fields immediately adjoining the road but this in itself would screen longer distance views of the Springwell Substation and BESS. Views of the Proposed Development would be seen in the context a dominant row of pylons at this location. This development would be openly visible and result in highly prominent change to the view at this location.	Operation (Year 1): Large – The Proposed Development in close proximity to the viewpoint would result in a large scale of change to the existing agrarian character experienced in the immediate vicinity of the viewpoint but be experienced in the immediate context of dominant pylons.



Baseline View Predicted Scale of Landscape Change Predicted Scale of Visual Change and dominate the Operation (Year 10): Medium - Once new Operation (Year 10): Medium - Glimpses of the solar immediate context and roadside hedgerows have established along PV development and the foreshortening of long vehicles on the A15 to the Warren Lane much of the solar PV development distance views across the open arable fields would east are also prominent. would be screened although there would remain result in a medium scale of change to the existing some heavily filtered glimpses of the development agrarian character experienced in the immediate through them in winter months only. The vicinity of the viewpoint and the pylons would continue hedgerows would themselves however also to dominate the character at this location. screen views across the open arable fields either side of the road.

Table A10.4.37 Viewpoint 36 – New England Lane

Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
Lane which is primarily used as a PRoW and representative of views experienced by recreational users of the country lanes	screened at this viewpoint by intervening vegetation but construction/decommissioning of	Construction/ decommissioning activity visible at this location would be set back from the viewpoint by a large arable field and the character in the vicinity of the viewpoint would continue to be dominated by the immediate agricultural context. Views of the development would be seen in the context of the



Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

Note that this location was selected to show the worst case scenario view towards the Springwell Substation where there is a gap in the hedgerow. It is not typical of the view elsewhere along the lane which is typically enclosed on both sides by mature hedgerows.

At this location there are views eastwards across the adjoining arable fields. A block of woodland (Gorse Covert) is prominent in the mid distance and a row of pylons is highly prominent traversing the landscape to the east.

seen in the context of the existing pylons. Views to the west would remain unchanged.

development would be mostly screened at this viewpoint by intervening vegetation but the Springwell Substation and BESS would be a clearly identifiable feature at a distance of approximately 600 m. The Springwell Substation and BESS would be seen in the context of the existing pylons and partly screened by landform and existing vegetation. Views to the west would remain unchanged.

Operation (Year 1): Medium - The solar PV Operation (Year 1): Medium/Small - The Springwell Substation and BESS would be set back from the viewpoint by a large arable field and the character in the vicinity of the viewpoint would continue to be dominated by the immediate agricultural context. Views of the development would be seen in the context of the existing pylons which would be notably taller and more prominent in the view.

Operation (Year 10): Medium - The solar PV development would be mostly screened at this viewpoint by intervening vegetation but the Springwell Substation and BESS would be a clearly identifiable feature at a distance of approximately 600 m. Mitigation planting along the western boundary of Field Tb2 would provide further screening of these features by Year 10 but the tops of the structures would remain visible. The Springwell Substation and BESS would be

Operation (Year 10): Medium/Small – The Springwell Substation and BESS would be set back from the viewpoint by a large arable field and the character in the vicinity of the viewpoint would continue to be dominated by the immediate agricultural context. Views of the development would be seen in the context of the existing pylons which would be notably taller and more prominent in the view.



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
	seen in the context of the existing pylons. View to the west would remain unchanged.	ws

Table A10.4.38 Viewpoint 37 – Heath Lane east of Vine Road

change in visual amenity.

Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
representing views experienced principally by transient vehicle users of the	Proposed Development would be entirely screened from this viewpoint as would	Construction/Decommissioning: Negligible - As the Proposed Development and associated construction/ decommissioning activity would be indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.
Note that this location was selected to show the worst case scenario view through a gap in the dense roadside	Operation (Year 1): Negligible - The Proposed Development would be entirely screened from this viewpoint. There would be no discernible change in visual amenity.	Operation (Year 1): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.
hedgerows along this section of Heath Lane and is	Operation (Year 10): Negligible - The Proposed	Operation (Year 10): Negligible - As the Proposed

Development would be entirely screened from Development would be indiscernible at this location,

this viewpoint. There would be no discernible there would be a negligible change in landscape

character.

not typical of the view

elsewhere along the lane

which is typically enclosed

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Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
on both sides by mature roadside hedgerows.		
At this gap in the hedgerow there are views across the adjoining agricultural fields and in the far distance, the tops of pylons can be seen beyond Gorse Covert		

Table A10.4.39 Viewpoint 38 – Wellingore Playing Fields

Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
playing fields on the edge of Wellingore and Navenby. The view across the fields is terminated by boundary	Proposed Development would be entirely screened from this viewpoint as would construction/decommissioning activity. There	Construction/Decommissioning: Negligible - As the Proposed Development and associated construction/ decommissioning activity would be indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.
hedgerows and the tops of tree belts beyond.	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Operation (Year 1): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be indiscernible at this location,



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
	this viewpoint. There would be no discernible change in visual amenity.	there would be a negligible change in landscape character.
	Development would be entirely screened from	Operation (Year 10): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.

Table A10.4.40 Viewpoint 39 – Green Man Road east of Navenby

Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
representing views experienced principally by transient vehicle users of the	Proposed Development would be entirely screened from this viewpoint by intervening	Construction/Decommissioning: Negligible - As the Proposed Development and associated construction/ decommissioning activity would be indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.
Note that this location was selected to show the worst		Operation (Year 1): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be indiscernible at this location,



Baseline View	Predicted Scale of Visual Change	Predicted Scale of Landscape Change
case scenario view towards the Springwell Substation where the road is at a slightly	this viewpoint by intervening vegetation. There would be no discernible change in visual amenity.	there would be a negligible change in landscape character.
higher elevation that the adjacent hedgerow. It is not typical of the view elsewhere along the road which is typically enclosed on both sides by mature roadside hedgerows.	Development would be entirely screened from	Operation (Year 10): Negligible - As the Proposed Development would be indiscernible at this location, there would be a negligible change in landscape character.
At this location there are views across the adjoining arable fields to the south and a row of pylons are prominent in the foreground and run southwards becoming increasingly less prominent with distance.		



Table A10.4.41 Viewpoint 40 – The Heath adjacent to Four Winds Farm

View from The Heat	h	C
representing view	S	S
experienced principally b	У	a
transient vehicle users of th	е	C
road but also occasiona	al	S
recreational users of th	е	d
country lane and also a sma	II	th
number of residentia	al	а
properties which share	a	n
similar view.		р

Note that this location was selected to show the worst case scenario view towards the Springwell Substation where there is a gap in the roadside hedgerow. It is not typical of the view elsewhere along the road which is typically enclosed on both sides by mature roadside hedgerows.

Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Construction/Decommissioning: Medium - The solar PV development would be mostly screened at this viewpoint by intervening vegetation but construction/decommissioning of the Springwell Substation and BESS would be visible at a distance of over 1.5 km and beyond the pylons in the far east. This construction activity would form a small feature of the view at this distance and be no more prominent than the pylons. The wider panorama would remain largely unchanged.

Operation (Year 1): Medium/Small - The solar PV development would be mostly screened at this viewpoint by intervening vegetation but the upper parts of the Springwell Substation and BESS would be visible at a distance of over 1.5 km and beyond the pylons in far east. The new development would be clearly visible but not highly prominent. It would constitute a distant feature and the foreground fields together with large woodland blocks across the horizon would continue to dominate the view.

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

Construction/Decommissioning: Medium/Small — Construction/decommissioning activity visible at this location would be a distant feature of a large scale landscape and the character in the vicinity of the viewpoint would continue to be dominated by the immediate agricultural context. Any views of the development would be seen in the context of the existing pylons which would be notably taller and more prominent in the view.

Operation (Year 1): Small – The Springwell Substation and BESS at this location would be a distant feature of a large scale landscape and the character in the vicinity of the viewpoint would continue to be dominated by the immediate agricultural context. Any views of the development would be seen in the context of the existing pylons which would be notably taller and more prominent in the view. Any views of the Proposed Development at this location would result in very little change in landscape character.



Predicted Scale of Visual Change

Predicted Scale of Landscape Change

At this location there are views eastwards across the adjoining arable fields. A block of woodland (Gorse Covert) is prominent in the mid distance and a row of pylons is clearly visible traversing the landscape to the east. Closer to the viewpoint series buildings are locally prominent.

PV development would be mostly screened at this viewpoint by intervening vegetation but the upper parts of the Springwell Substation and BESS would be visible at a distance of over 1.5 km and beyond the pylons in far east. The new development would be clearly visible but not highly prominent. It would constitute a distant feature and the foreground fields together with large woodland blocks across the horizon would continue to dominate the view.

Operation (Year 10): Medium/Small - The solar Operation (Year 10): Small - The Springwell Substation and BESS at this location would be a distant feature of a large scale landscape and the character in the vicinity of the viewpoint would continue to be dominated by the immediate agricultural context. Any views of the development would be seen in the context of the existing pylons which would be notably taller and more prominent in the view. Any views of the Proposed Development at this location would result in very little change in landscape character.



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